

4133. By Mr. STRONG of Pennsylvania: Petition of Kittanning Council, No. 1011, Knights of Columbus, suggesting an amendment to section 301 of Senate bill 2910, relating to radio broadcasting; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1934

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. James Shera Montgomery, D.D., offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, blessed are the undefiled in the way, who walk in the law of the Lord. Heavenly Father, establish Thou our ways to observe Thy statutes. Do Thou renew our wills each day and blend them with Thine. Arm us with jealous care and with that faith that works by love. O Son of Man, break through everywhere for Thou art the personal, the tender, and the last possible dream of our All-Father. Animate us to the cheerfulness of duty and service by giving us a joyful sense of our daily blessings. May we look upon the hopeful side of circumstances and maintain the spirit of contentment. We pray Thee that we may be so clothed with fortitude, and whatsoever may be our duty, O keep the music singing in our souls. We rejoice that there is guidance for each of us, and by lowly listening we shall be led aright. Amen.

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. St. Claire, its assistant enrolling clerk, announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 8471) making appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a bill of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2845. An act to extend the provisions of the National Motor Vehicle Theft Act to other stolen property.

THE RECORD

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I want to call the attention of the House to the RECORD of yesterday wherein the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. SHOEMAKER] impeached Joseph W. Molyneux, United States district judge of Minnesota.

I want first to commend the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. SHOEMAKER] because, at the request of the Speaker, he omitted from the RECORD a large number of pages of extraneous matter, and I want to thank the Speaker on behalf of the taxpayers of the country for causing him to omit this from the RECORD.

However, I desire to call the attention of the gentleman from Minnesota—and I am sorry he is not present just at this time—to the insertion in the RECORD of 16 pages of matter, including brief of defendant, statement of facts, court order, motion of the court, and argument of counsel, which I do not believe, from the information I can gather, was essential to be inserted in the RECORD in order to make his impeachment proceedings a proper record. It was not essential.

I feel that whenever a Member of the Congress, Senator or Representative, inserts in the RECORD 16 pages of bulk matter that is not necessary to the question which he wants to bring to the attention of the House in the RECORD—we send 35,000 copies of the RECORD all over the land—if it were so important to the Members of Congress the Printing Committee could print a small number of copies of such matter. If the Member were interested in economy, he could see the Printing Committee; they could have a thousand copies

printed, and it would only cost the Government one thirty-fifth as much as it would if printed in the RECORD. I think the Membership of the House ought to give consideration to the fact that putting bulk matter in the RECORD costs the taxpayers of this country an enormous sum. They should always consider this fact in their desire to fill the RECORD with speeches and reprints from newspapers, and so forth.

Mr. PATMAN. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. RICH. I yield.

Mr. PATMAN. Did the gentleman consider the number of pages one of the Members of the other body had inserted in this morning's RECORD, consisting of newspaper editorials and news items?

Mr. RICH. I do not care whether it is a Republican or a Democrat, Senator or Congressman, it is wrong, and anything that is wrong ought to be curbed.

Mr. PATMAN. I thoroughly agree with the gentleman, but I think we should commence at the same time with the other body, which is the principal offender, and get an agreement out of them to stop putting this extraneous matter in the RECORD. Very few Members of the House are guilty. None of them should be guilty of this bad practice.

Mr. RICH. Because one body does a wrong is no good reason—two wrongs do not make a right.

I hope the Senators of our country have the same respect for the taxpayers' money as we Representatives, who are trying our best to conserve, by limiting a great amount of unnecessary printing in our daily proceeding.

Mr. TRUAX. And the gentleman is the sole judge of right and wrong, I presume.

Mr. RICH. I hope I would not be that egotistical.

WAR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL—1935

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi presented the following conference report on the bill, H.R. 8471, making appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, and for other purposes:

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 8471) making appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 15, 20, 23, 24, 25, 33, 38, and 39.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 8, 21, 27, 29, 31, 34, 35, 42, and 45, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 7: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 7, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$2,522,897"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 9: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 9, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following: "Provided, That no appropriation contained in this act shall be available for the payment of passenger transportation at a rate in excess of the lowest through rate or combination of rates available for the type of transportation used"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 10: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 10, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment, amended to read as follows: "\$28,617,645, no part of which sum shall be available after September 30, 1934, for the pay of more than 11,750 commissioned officers whose original commis-

sions are dated prior to June 1, 1934"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 13: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 13, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment, amended to read as follows: "not to exceed five"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$5,775"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 16: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 16, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$5,386,786"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 17: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 17, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$5,290,521"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 18: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 18, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$121,760,093"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 19: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 19, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$121,475,093"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 22: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 22, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$16,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 26: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 26, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$7,702,359"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following: "ambulances, fire trucks, and vehicles now in use by Reserve Officers' Training Corps units"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 30: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 30, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$219,789"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 36: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 36, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$4,278,359"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 41: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 41, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed insert "\$1,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 44: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 44, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following:

"Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries: For prosecuting work of flood control in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act approved May 15, 1928 (U.S.C., supp. VII, title 33, sec. 702a), \$29,000,000.";

And the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 6, 12, 32, 37, 40, and 43.

ROSS A. COLLINS,
TILMAN B. PARKS,
THOMAS L. BLANTON,
CHESTER C. BOLTON,
D. LANE POWERS,

Managers on the part of the House.

ROYAL S. COPELAND,
CARL HAYDEN,
MORRIS SHEPPARD,
H. D. STEPHENS,
J. G. TOWNSEND,
ROBERT D. CAREY,

Managers on the part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 8471) making appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

On amendments nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4: Provides for continuing the office of the Assistant Secretary of War for Air, as proposed by the House.

On amendment no. 5: Makes \$2,500 available for the procurement of an automobile for the Secretary of War, as proposed by the House, instead of \$4,000 for such purpose, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendments nos. 7, 8, and 9, relating to the consolidated appropriation for travel of military and civil personnel: Excludes from the appropriation, as proposed by the Senate, funds for travel in connection with river and harbor and flood-control activities under the Corps of Engineers, and adopts the Senate's substitute phraseology for the House limitation on transportation rates, amended to apply to through rates or a combination of rates.

On amendments nos. 10, 11, and 13 to 20, inclusive, relating to "Pay, etc., of the Army": Appropriates \$28,617,645 for pay of officers, as proposed by the House, instead of \$30,000,000, as proposed by the Senate; confines the availability of the appropriation to the pay of not exceeding 11,750 commissioned officers commissioned prior to June 1, 1934, as proposed by the House, amended to make the effective date October 1, 1934; appropriates \$1,579,410 for flight pay of officers, as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,776,997, as proposed by the Senate; provides for active-duty pay of 5 retired officers, instead of 4, as proposed by the House, and 230, as proposed by the Senate; strikes out the appropriation of \$26,750 proposed by the Senate for the pay of retired enlisted men on active duty; appropriates \$5,386,786 for rental allowances instead of \$5,386,397, as proposed by the House, and \$5,653,077, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$5,290,521 for subsistence allowances instead of \$5,290,066, as proposed by the House, and \$5,412,786, as proposed by the Senate, and strikes out the proposal of the Senate to permit amounts specifically limited to be increased by transfer from appropriations under other titles.

On amendment no. 21, relating to the expense of courts-martial, etc.: Strike out, as proposed by the Senate, the House provision excepting payments for contract stenographic services from any deduction in consequence of economy legislation.

On amendment no. 22: Appropriates \$16,000,000 for subsistence of the Army, instead of \$15,705,898, as proposed by the House, and \$17,691,828, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendment no. 23: Appropriates \$2,576,880 for regular supplies of the Army, as proposed by the House, instead of \$3,092,663, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendment no. 24: Appropriates \$4,207,112 for clothing and equipage, as proposed by the House, instead of \$5,502,824, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendments nos. 25 to 29, inclusive, relating to Army transportation: Limits expenditures for maintenance and repair of motor vehicles of not to exceed \$461,812, as proposed by the House, instead of \$562,065, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$7,702,359 for all objects of the appropriation, instead of \$7,192,211, as proposed by the House, and \$8,655,005, as proposed by the Senate; extends the exception of motor vehicles procured prior to January 1, 1920, to be maintained out of the appropriation, to include ambulances, fire trucks, and vehicles at present assigned to Reserve Officers' Training Corps units, and makes the effective date of the exception January 1, 1935, as proposed by the Senate, striking out, however, the Senate proposal to except tanks and their carriers, rebuilt trucks, and such other vehicles as can be operated economically; and strikes out, as proposed by the Senate, the House provision prohibiting expenditures incident to the operation of the Fort Benning Railroad.

On amendment no. 30: Appropriates \$150,000 for the purchase of 1,000 horses, instead of \$75,000 for the purchase of 500 horses, as proposed by the House, and \$225,000 for the purchase of 1,500 horses, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendment no. 31: Appropriates \$9,155,695 for barracks and quarters and other buildings and utilities, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$9,015,902, as proposed by the House.

On amendment no. 33: Appropriates \$332,988 for "Engineer Service, Army", as proposed by the House, instead of \$344,509, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendments nos. 34 and 35: Provides for 48 drills for the National Guard and the Naval and Marine Corps reserve forces, as proposed by the Senate, instead of 42 drills, as proposed by the House, and appropriates for the National Guard for and by reason thereof \$11,756,221, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$10,302,949, as proposed by the House.

On amendment no. 36: Appropriates \$4,278,859 for the Officers' Reserve Corps instead of \$3,986,859, as proposed by the House, and \$6,500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendments nos. 38 and 39, relating to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps: Appropriates \$3,108,701, as proposed by the House, instead of \$4,467,461, as proposed by the Senate, and restores the House provision prohibiting expenditures on account of students in Medical Corps, Dental Corps, and veterinary units not members of such units on May 5, 1932.

On amendment no. 41: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for citizens' military training camps instead of \$987,213, as proposed by the House, and \$2,687,213, as proposed by the Senate.

On amendment no. 42: Appropriates \$17,178 on account of quartermaster supplies and services for rifle ranges for civilian instruction, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$15,631, as proposed by the House.

On amendment no. 44: Appropriates \$29,000,000 for flood-control work on the Mississippi River and tributaries, pursuant to supplemental estimates contained in House Document 309 of the present session, instead of \$50,000,000 which the Senate proposed with the condition that it was to be reduced by such amount as might later be allotted from Federal relief and other emergency appropriations.

On amendment no. 45: Appropriates \$341,291 for emergency fund for flood control on tributaries of the Mississippi River, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$318,114, as proposed by the House.

DISAGREEMENTS

The committee of conference have not agreed on the following amendments of the Senate:

On no. 6: Being the total of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, War Department."

On no. 12: Limiting the rate of flight pay for nonflying officers above the grade of captain.

On no. 32: Making an additional appropriation for the Army Air Corps.

On nos. 37 and 40: Providing for medical and hospital treatment of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and of persons attending citizens' military training camps who contract disease in line of duty.

On no. 43: Relating to the appropriation for rivers and harbors and an expenditure therefrom for conducting a survey of Governors Island, N.Y.

ROSS A. COLLINS,
TILMAN B. PARKS,
THOMAS L. BLANTON,
CHESTER C. BOLTON,
D. LANE POWERS,

Managers on the part of the House.

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up the conference report on the bill H.R. 8471, the War Department appropriation bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the statement may be read in lieu of the report.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the statement.

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the adoption of the conference report.

The previous question was ordered.

The conference report was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the first amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 6: Page 5, line 19, strike out "\$175,178" and insert in lieu thereof "\$181,631."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

In lieu of the sum inserted by said amendment insert the following: "\$181,631, of which sum \$8,000 shall be available exclusively for the several objects embraced by the appropriation contained in this act entitled 'Contingencies, Military Intelligence Division.'"

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 12: Page 11, line 18, after the word "captain", insert "at a rate in excess of \$1,440 per annum."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following: "At a rate in excess of \$1,440 per annum, which shall be the legal maximum rate as to such nonflying officers above the grade of captain."

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 32: Page 36, after line 5, insert: "For an additional amount for the Air Corps, Army, to be expended in the discretion and under the direction of the President, for improvement, development, and augmentation of military aviation matériel, and for training of military aviation personnel, including the purchase and/or construction of buildings and other necessary military aviation facilities, and employment of civilian personnel, notwithstanding the limitations contained in any appropriations for Air Corps, Army, fiscal year 1935, to be immediately available, \$10,000,000."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert the following: "For an additional amount for the improvement, development, and augmentation of aviation matériel, and for the training of military aviation personnel, to be immediately available, \$5,000,000, of which not less than \$3,000,000 shall be expended for the procurement of airplanes and their equipment, spare parts, and accessories for the Regular Army and the National Guard; not to exceed \$1,000,000 shall be expended for aviation fuel and oil and for the repair and maintenance of airplanes and their equipment and accessories for the training of military aviation pilots; and not to exceed \$1,000,000 shall be available for expenditure, in the discretion and under the direction of the President, as follows: For airplane accessories for the Regular Army and National Guard; for the investigation and development of a national aviation program, including the employment of personal services without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and all other necessary expenses incident thereto; for the encouragement of development of types of airplanes, airplane engines, and aviation equipment, including the granting of awards; for compensation (not exceeding \$10,000) for information to be obtained from an authoritative source in such form and manner as the President may desire as to geographic, meteorologic, and weather conditions in northern latitudes, and for such other purposes related to civil and military aviation as the President may deem proper."

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 37: Page 56, line 9, after the word "injury", insert the words "or contract disease."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede and concur in the amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 40: Page 59, line 21, after the word "injury", insert the words "or disease contracted."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede and concur in the Senate amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 43: Page 66, line 21, after the word "law", strike out all down to and including the figures "\$23,966,645."

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede and concur with the following amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment no. 43: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows: "\$23,966,645, of which sum \$50,000 shall be available, under the direction of the President, for conducting a survey of Governors Island, N.Y., to determine its usefulness and adaptability as an airport and the cost of accomplishing all work incidental to effecting the change."

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the Record on the conference report.

The SPEAKER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, when this bill passed the House—and it was then quite generally proclaimed by military men as the best balanced Army appropriation measure approved by the Congress since the World War—it carried \$279,441,890, or \$3,190,169 less than the Budget estimates. The House approved the action of the committee in making certain reallocations of the Budget estimates so as to have expenditures made in directions that would assure a better measure of military preparedness.

The Senate placed 45 amendments on the bill, and in money added \$75,339,999, of which \$62,149,830 had no Budget support. Ten million dollars of the Senate increase was added pursuant to a supplemental estimate presented after the bill had passed the House.

As agreed to by the conference committee, the bill carries \$316,228,991, and this sum, owing to the submission of a supplemental estimate of \$29,000,000 for prosecuting flood-

control work on the Mississippi River, is \$5,403,068 below the Budget estimates, original and supplemental.

Of the items agreed upon, but three are of outstanding importance. These I shall refer to in their order.

AIR CORPS

After the bill passed the House a supplemental estimate of \$10,000,000 was presented to the Senate for uses of a very general character, expenditures to be made in the discretion and under the direction of the President. Your conferees have agreed upon half of that amount and have apportioned all but \$1,000,000 of it to very definite uses. Three million dollars have been set aside exclusively for the procurement of new airplanes, one third of the amount being intended for new airplanes for the National Guard. This amount is in addition to the \$3,486,600 carried in the bill as it passed the House and Senate for the purchase of new airplanes, and the contract authorization of \$3,000,000 also previously approved for new airplane procurements.

The bill, as passed by the House and Senate, carried \$8,091,089 for aviation fuel and oil and for the maintenance and repair of airplanes. One million of the \$5,000,000 agreed upon in conference, in effect, is in augmentation of such sum. Obviously, it will permit of a greater amount of flying.

The remaining \$1,000,000 is made available for expenditure in the discretion and under the direction of the President for a number of well-defined purposes, principally the following:

First. For airplane accessories for the Regular Army and the National Guard.

Second. For the investigation and development of a national aviation program.

Third. For the encouragement and development of types of airplanes, airplane engines, and aviation equipment, including the granting of awards. Under this clause the Army will be enabled to participate in airplane speed competitions.

NATIONAL GUARD

As passed by the House, provision was made for 42 armory drills for members of the National Guard and of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve forces. The Budget, it will be recalled, carried funds for but 36 drills, which is the number to which the National Guard has been administratively limited the current fiscal year. Our committee was given to understand that 42 drills would be entirely acceptable to the National Guard Bureau and to the National Guard Association. This was the minimum number, however, we were advised necessary for the maintenance of a proper degree of efficiency. It was on the strength of this advice that we recommended to the House and the House approved 42 drills. The Senate, however, saw fit to increase the number to 48, and we have concurred in their action, and we have done so not because of any urging but because we are in favor, and I am sure the House is in favor, of doing everything possible that will further promote the efficiency of this organization, and also because in these times of depression every drill with pay means a great deal to a very large number of National Guardsmen all over the country. The added cost, so far as the National Guard is concerned, of \$1,453,272, will be money well spent, in my judgment, and, I am sure, in the judgment of my colleagues on the conference committee.

FLOOD CONTROL

The Budget included no funds for continuing the flood-control project on the Mississippi River and its tributaries. The omission, we were given to understand, was because it was planned to finance this work out of Federal relief or emergency appropriations which are largely being used to defray the cost of current-year operations. The Senate, however, added \$50,000,000 to the bill for this work, coupling with it a condition that the appropriation was to be reduced by such amount as might later be allotted of Federal relief or emergency appropriations. After the bill was sent to conference the administration concluded to ask for a specific appropriation for carrying on this work during the ensuing fiscal year of \$29,000,000, to be substituted for the

Senate provision, and your conferees have acquiesced in that arrangement. It is our understanding that this sum, in conjunction with unused and unallotted moneys now available, will make available for expenditure during 1935 not less than \$48,000,000. Later, if need be, this amount may be augmented.

Mr. Speaker, I think I have accounted for the major changes in the House bill. The Senate receded wholly or very largely from its amendments adding to the appropriations proposed by the House for other objects.

The Senate added \$1,985,930 to the House allowance for subsistence of the Army. We have agreed to \$294,102 of that increase.

For Army transportation the Senate increased the House figure by \$1,462,844. We have agreed to \$510,148 of that increase, or \$125,253 less than the sum the Department had urged the Senate to add to the House bill. While your conferees felt that no increase was justified, the Senate conferees felt otherwise, and would only agree to yield on the amount of \$100,253, which it had added for repairs to motor vehicles, and \$25,000, which it had added for the procurement of trucks to determine types most suited for the Army. The House has twice refused to provide funds for such purpose.

There is one other amendment in which there is considerable interest, to which I should refer, perhaps, before concluding. I have reference to horses. The House provided for the purchase of 500 horses. The Senate provided for the purchase of 1,500 horses. We split the difference, and have provided for the purchase of 1,000 horses.

Mr. CARPENTER of Kansas. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Yes.

Mr. CARPENTER of Kansas. Does the Army appropriation bill, as it now stands, contain an appropriation for a veterinary unit of the R.O.T.C.; and if not, why not?

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. The agreement as to the R.O.T.C. carries the same amount as was carried in the bill as it passed the House.

Mr. EDMISTON. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. Yes.

Mr. EDMISTON. Does the bill contain the appropriations and conform with the request of the Chief of Staff, General MacArthur, the American Legion, and the Reserve Officers' Association?

Mr. COLLINS of Mississippi. In the sense I think the gentleman means, I say no. Let me add, though, that it is my understanding that the Legion is not advocating immediate provision for additional personnel for the Regular Army and the civil components. It has given its endorsement this year to the numbers advocated by the Chief of Staff as the ultimate goal to be realized. The Legion policy changes almost yearly.

The matter of making appropriations for the Military Establishment is a congressional responsibility. Congress is better able to decide this matter than outsiders; and while Congress always welcomes suggestions and advice, still we must constantly bear in mind that it is solely our duty to provide for the common defense.

BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. PARSONS, from the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported that that committee did on April 20, 1934, present to the President for his approval a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 7483. An act to provide minimum pay for postal substitutes.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. HOEPEL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOEPEL. Mr. Speaker, 36 years ago today Congress declared war with Spain. As a consequence the youth of the North merged with the youth and the good people of the South, and as a result of the annealing comradeship of the Spanish-American War practically every vestige of sec-

tionalism was removed from America. Out of respect to the officers and men who served during the Spanish-American War, I hope our floor leader will move that we adjourn out of respect to President McKinley and the officers, men, and nurses who lost their lives in that conflict.

Mr. BYRNS. I am sure the House will approve of an early adjournment for the reasons expressed by the gentleman from California, and I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.) the House adjourned until Monday, April 23, 1934, at 12 o'clock noon.

COMMITTEE HEARING

COMMITTEE ON THE PUBLIC LANDS

(Monday, Apr. 23, 10 a.m.)

Room 328, House Office Building.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

419. Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, a communication from the President of the United States, transmitting a supplemental estimate of appropriation for the legislative establishment, under the Architect of the Capitol, fiscal year 1934, in the sum of \$21,000 (H.Doc. 313), was taken from the Speaker's table, referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and ordered to be printed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII,

Mr. COOPER: Committee on Ways and Means. H.R. 6379. A bill to amend title II, section 203 (a) (2), chapter 67, Public Acts of Seventy-third Congress; with amendment (Rept. No. 1284). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. McCORMACK: A bill (H.R. 9268) to provide for the construction of two vessels for the Coast Guard designed for ice-breaking and assistance work; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. SUMNERS of Texas: A bill (H.R. 9269) limiting the operation of sections 109 and 113 of the Criminal Code and section 190 of the Revised Statutes of the United States with respect to counsel in certain proceedings against the Electro-Metallurgical Co., New-Kanawha Power Co., and the Carbon & Carbide Co.; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Minnesota: A bill (H.R. 9270) to raise the tariff on fish; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DOUTRICH: A bill (H.R. 9271) granting the consent of Congress to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near Millersburg, Dauphin County, Pa.; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. ZIONCHECK: A bill (H.R. 9272) to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

By Mr. McCLINTIC (by request): A bill (H.R. 9273) to extend the public-land laws of the United States to certain lands in the Red River in Oklahoma; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. COFFIN: A bill (H.R. 9274) to cancel certain Government liens on lands within the King Hill Irrigation District, State of Idaho; to the Committee on Irrigation and Reclamation.

By Mr. FADDIS: A bill (H.R. 9275) to provide for the protection and preservation of domestic sources of tin; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. WALTER: A bill (H.R. 9276) to exempt certain articles from the tax on floor stocks imposed by the Agricultural Adjustment Act; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. VINSON of Georgia: Resolution (H.Res. 347) for the consideration of H.R. 9068, a bill to provide for promotion by selection in the line of the Navy in grades of lieutenant commander and lieutenant; to authorize appointment as ensigns in the line of the Navy all midshipmen who hereafter graduate from the Naval Academy; and for other purposes; to the Committee on Rules.

Also, resolution (H.Res. 348) for the consideration of H.R. 6803, a bill to regulate the distribution, promotion, retirement, and discharge of commissioned officers of the Marine Corps, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Rules.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

By The SPEAKER: Memorial of the Legislature of the State of New York, memorializing Congress to amend the Securities Act of 1933; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, memorial of the Legislature of the State of New York, memorializing Congress relative to the operation of the National Recovery Administration; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PRIVATE BILL

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

Mr. HOEPEL introduced a bill (H.R. 9277) for the relief of Leonard J. Mygatt, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

4134. By Mr. CADY: Memorial of the City Commission of the City of Flint, Mich., urging favorable action upon the McLeod bank pay-off bill; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

4135. By Mr. FITZPATRICK: Petition of the Merchants Association of Bronxville, N.Y., signed by Charles Weber, Jr., president, protesting against the National Securities Exchange Act; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

4136. By Mr. JAMES: Resolution of the Common Council of the Village of L'Anse, Mich., through Thomas A. Congrove, deputy village clerk, favoring the passage of the McLeod bill providing for payment in full to depositors in closed banks members of the Federal Reserve System, now pending in Congress; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

4137. By Mr. LAMNECK: Petition of H. W. Gillett and 1,000 citizens of Columbus, Ohio, urging that immediate action be taken to have the Post Office Department conform to the rules and spirit which it has laid down for private industry in the articles of the National Recovery Act; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

4138. By Mr. RUDD: Petition of the Upholsters, Carpet, and Linoleum Mechanics' International Union of North America, New York City, favoring the Wagner-Connery disputes bill; to the Committee on Labor.

4139. Also, petition of the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens, city of New York, objecting to certain provisions in the Revenue Act of 1934; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

4140. By Mr. REID of Illinois: Petition of several hundred residents of Joliet, Will County, Ill., urging the passage of House bill 6836, providing for the regulation of trucks and busses, also the passage of House bill 8100, repealing the long-and-short-haul provision of the Interstate Commerce Act; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

4141. By the SPEAKER: Petition of Charles Forney, urging an investigation of the operation of the National Recovery Administration; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

4142. Also, petition of St. Michael's Parish, of Greenfield, Ill., urging the adoption of the amendment to section 301 of Senate bill 2910; to the Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio, and Fisheries.

SENATE

MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1934

(Legislative day of Tuesday, Apr. 17, 1934)

The Senate met at 12 o'clock meridian, on the expiration of the recess.

THE JOURNAL

On motion of Mr. HARRISON, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of the calendar day of Friday, April 20, was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

CALL OF THE ROLL

Mr. HARRISON. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Adams	Copeland	Kean	Reynolds
Ashurst	Costigan	Keyes	Robinson, Ind.
Austin	Couzens	King	Russell
Bachman	Cutting	Lewis	Schall
Bailey	Davis	Logan	Sheppard
Bankhead	Dickinson	Loneragan	Shipstead
Barbour	Dieterich	Long	Smith
Barkley	Dill	McCarran	Steiwer
Black	Duffy	McGill	Stephens
Bone	Erickson	McKellar	Thomas, Okla.
Borah	Fess	McNary	Thomas, Utah
Brown	Fletcher	Murphy	Thompson
Bulkley	Frazier	Neely	Townsend
Bulow	George	Norbeck	Tydings
Byrd	Gibson	Norris	Vandenberg
Byrnes	Gore	Nye	Van Nuys
Capper	Hale	O'Mahoney	Wagner
Caraway	Harrison	Overton	Walcott
Carey	Hastings	Patterson	Walsh
Clark	Hatch	Pittman	Wheeler
Connally	Hayden	Pope	White
Coolidge	Johnson	Reed	

Mr. HARRISON. I desire to announce that the Senator from Florida [Mr. TRAMMELL] and the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. ROBINSON] are necessarily detained, and that the Senator from California [Mr. McAdoo] is absent on account of illness.

Mr. FESS. I desire to announce that the Senator from Maryland [Mr. GOLDSBOROUGH], the senior Senator from Rhode Island [Mr. METCALF], the junior Senator from Rhode Island [Mr. HEBERT], and the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. HATFIELD] are necessarily absent from the Senate.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Eighty-seven Senators have answered to their names. A quorum is present.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATION OF THE MUNITIONS INDUSTRY: RESIGNATION

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a letter from the Senator from Texas [Mr. SHEPPARD], which was read, as follows:

UNITED STATES SENATE,
COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS,
April 20, 1934.

HON. JOHN N. GARNER,

Vice President, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. VICE PRESIDENT: I appreciate very much the honor you accorded me in appointing me on the committee to investigate munitions, etc. However, my time is so completely taken up with Texas matters that it will not be practicable for me to serve, and I hereby tender my resignation.

With cordial good wishes, and renewed thanks, I am,

Yours very sincerely,

MORRIS SHEPPARD.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints the Senator from Georgia [Mr. GEORGE] to fill the vacancy on the special committee.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following resolutions of the Senate of the State of New York, which were referred to the Committee on Education and Labor: